# SECTION #1 – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product: NIAGARA<sup>®</sup> Spray Starch – All Products

Phoenix Brands 2855 N. Franklin Rd., #7 Indianapolis, Indiana 46219 USA Consumer Service Telephone Number: 1-866-794-0800 Emergency Contact: PROSAR IPC Emergency Phone Number: 1-866-794-0800

Product Description: Aqueous solution/suspension of starch in pressurized aerosol can.

# SECTION #2 - COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product Component: Starch (CAS No. 9005-25-8) OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m<sub>3</sub> (total dust); 5 mg/m<sub>3</sub> (respirable fraction)

ACGIH TLV: 10 mg/m3

Propellant Component: Isobutane (CAS No. (75-28-5) OSHA PEL: 1000 parts per million (ppm) TWA, as *Liquified Petroleum Gas* 

ACGIH TLV: 1000 ppm TWA, as Liquified Petroleum Gas

# **SECTION #3 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### **Route of Exposure - Inhalation**

Under normal conditions of use, there are no known health hazards from inhalation. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

# **Route of Exposure - Skin**

The constituents are not skin irritants nor are they known to be allergenic.

# **Route of Exposure - Eyes**

The product is non-irritating. Contact with the eyes may produce temporary discomfort due to the presence of foreign objects.

#### **Route of Exposure - Ingestion**

The product is non-irritating. Ingestion may cause temporary discomfort in the mouth and upper gastrointestinal tract.

# **SECTION #4 – FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **First Aid - Inhalation**

Give the subject access to fresh air. If symptoms do not resolve quickly, seek medical assistance.

# First Aid - Skin

If skin irritation occurs in use, seek medical assistance.

# SECTION #4 – FIRST AID MEASURES CONTINUED...

### First Aid - Eyes

Flush affected areas with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical assistance if required.

# **First Aid - Ingestion**

Treat symptomatically. If the individual is unconscious or convulsive, seek medical assistance.

# **SECTION #5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Propellant: Flash Point: -117°F./-83°C

Lower Explosive Limit: 1.8%

#### Fire and Explosion Hazards

Although the contents are non-flammable and non-explosive, the propellant is highly flammable. Do not spray product near an open flame or other source of ignition. Do not expose cans to heat or store at temperatures exceeding 120°F./49°C. Do not puncture or incinerate containers.

# **Extinguishing Media**

See Special Fire Fighting Instructions

# **Special Fire Fighting Instructions**

If containers are endangered by fire from an external source, cool them with water spray to prevent rupture of cans and ignition of the propellant. A fire proximate to large quantities of flammable pressurized cans represents and explosion hazard, and should be controlled only by those with appropriate qualifications and training.

# SECTION #6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Steps to be Taken in The Event of Spills, Leaks, or Release

If cans are ruptured, eliminate sources of ignition. Evacuate all non-essential personnel and ventilate the area. Contents of cans may be flushed away with large quantities of water. If covered by product, floors may be slippery.

#### Waste Disposal Methods

Do not puncture or incinerate containers. Dispose of unused containers of product in accordance with applicable Federal, State/Provincial, and local regulations.

# **SECTION #7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Store cans in a dry place at temperatures below 120°F./49°C. and way from flames and incompatible materials (see Section #10).

Autoignition Temperature: 860°F./460°C Upper Explosive Limit: 8.4% NFPA 30B Storage: Level 1

# SECTION #8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Ventilation

Mechanical ventilation is not required under normal conditions of use.

# **Eye Protection**

Eye protection is not required under normal conditions of use. If eye contact is likely, wear eye protection.

# **Skin Protection**

Skin protection is not normally required. If gloves are desired for protection against irritation, waterimpervious types (e.g. rubber, PVA, or nitrile) are recommended.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

Respiratory protection is not normally required. If this product is used in a manner that generates airborne mist not controlled by ventilation, wear a NIOSH-approved respirator with filters for protection against dusts (type N95 or better). For guidance on the selection and use of respiratory protection, consult American National Standard Z88.2-1992 (ANSI, New York, NY 10036 USA).

# **SECTION #9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Product: Solubility (H <sub>2</sub> O): soluble		Percent Volatiles: not applicable
	Vapor pressure: not applicable	Evaporation Rate: not applicable
Appearance: milky translucent aqueous mixture, floral odor		
Propellant:	Vapor pressure: 31 PSIG at 70F/21C	Percent Volatiles: 100%
	Boiling Point: 11°F./-12°C	Vapor Density (air=1): 2.01
	Sp. Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> 0=1): 0.56	Solubility (H <sub>2</sub> O): sparingly
	Appearance: colorless gas, mild petroleum	odor

# **SECTION #10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### **Conditions to Avoid**

This product is stable when maintained at room temperature. If heated to temperatures above 120°F./49°C., cans may rupture.

# **Incompatible Materials**

Cans should not be exposed to mists or acidic, alkaline, or corrosive chemicals in storage or use.

#### Hazardous Decomposition Products

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Niagara Aerosol Spray Starch

If the product is consumed by flame, thermal decomposition byproducts may include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and smoke. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# SECTION #11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Carcinogenicity: None of the components of this product are classified as potential or demonstrated human carcinogens by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

# **SECTION #12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Component (CAS No.)	
Starch (9005-25-8)	
Isobutane (75-28-5)	

No data available No data available

LD50 (Route/Species) LC50 (Route/Species) No data available 57pph/15 min (inhalation/rat)

# **SECTION #13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Do not puncture or incinerate containers. Dispose of unused containers of product in accordance with applicable Federal, State/Provincial, and local regulations.

# **SECTION #14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

WHMIS Hazard Classification(s): none applicable

International Maritime Class: 2

UN Number: 1950

# **SECTION #15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Controlled Products Regulations (Canada) Information

SARA Title III - Hazard Class(es): None applicable

SARA Title III - Section 313 Supplier Notification: This product contains no chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

# SECTION #16 – OTHER INFORMATION – DEFINITON OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these which are commonly used include the following: CAS #: This is the Chemical Abstract Service Number which uniquely identifies each constituent. It is used for computer-related searching. EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR: ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, a professional association which establishes exposure limits. TLV -Threshold Limit Value – an airborne concentration of a substance which represents conditions under which it is generally believed that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effect. The duration must be considered, including the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA), the 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL), and the instantaneous Ceiling Limit. Skin adsorption effects must also be considered.

OSHA - U. S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit - this exposure value means exactly the same as a TLV, except that it is enforceable by OSHA. NIOSH is the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, which is the research arm of the

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Niagara Aerosol Spray Starch

U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). NIOSH issues exposure guidelines called Recommended Exposure Levels (RELs). FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR: Much of the information related to fire and explosion is derived from the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA). LEL – the lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source. UEL – the highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

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